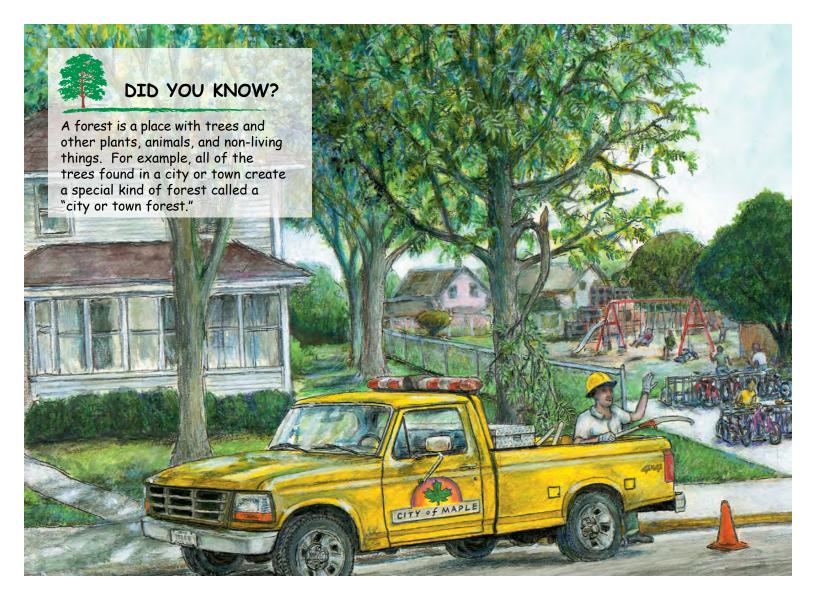
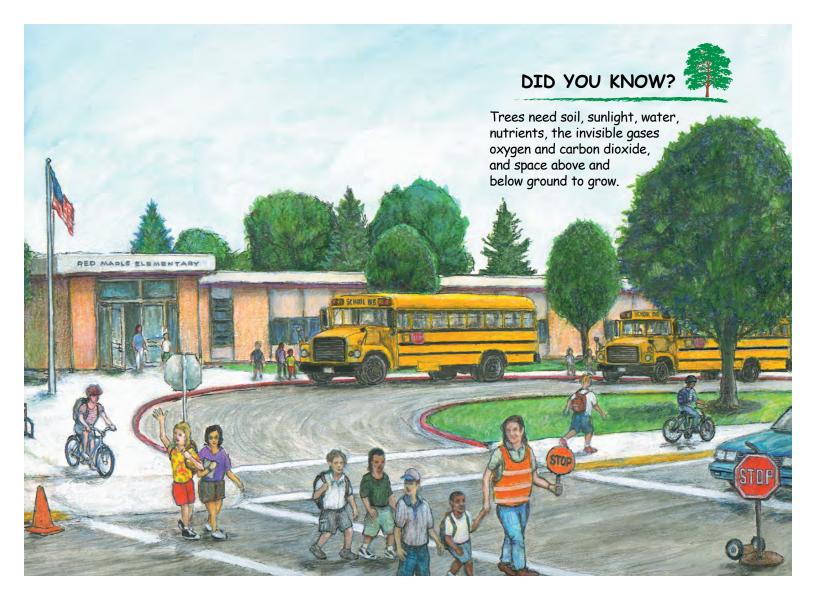


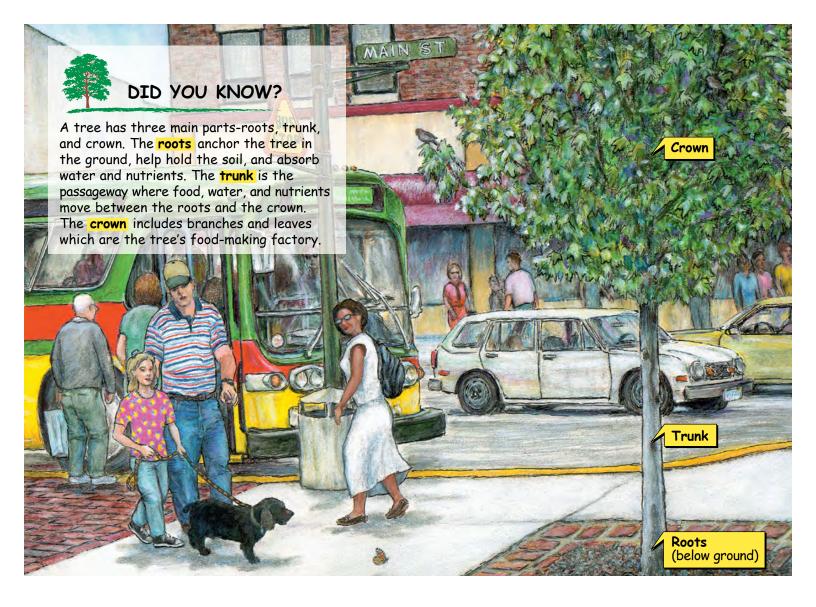
Hi! My name is Ashley. I'm seven years old. I like to play soccer in the spring, ride my bike in the summer, make leaf piles in the fall, and build snowpeople in the winter. I also like to take walks around town with my dad and my dog, Ubu.



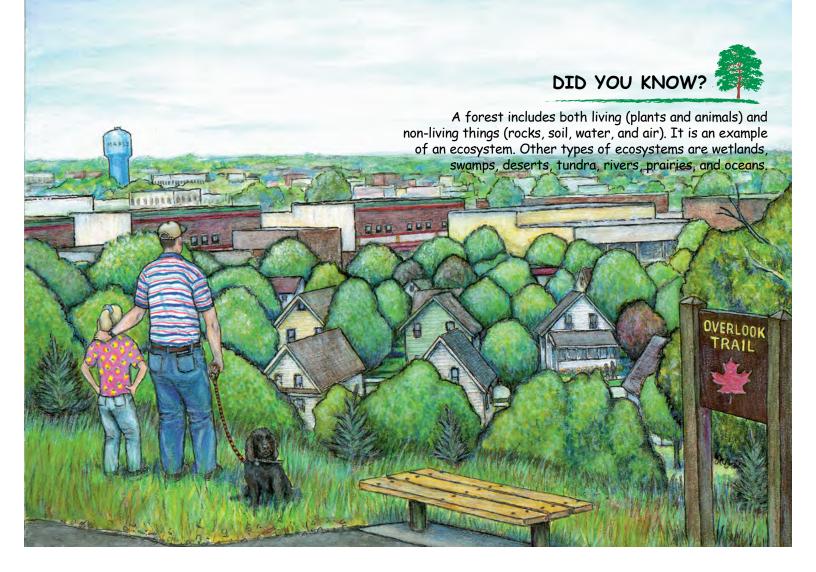
My dad is a tree person. He's called the "town forester" because he takes care of the trees in our town forest. Do you have a forest where you live?



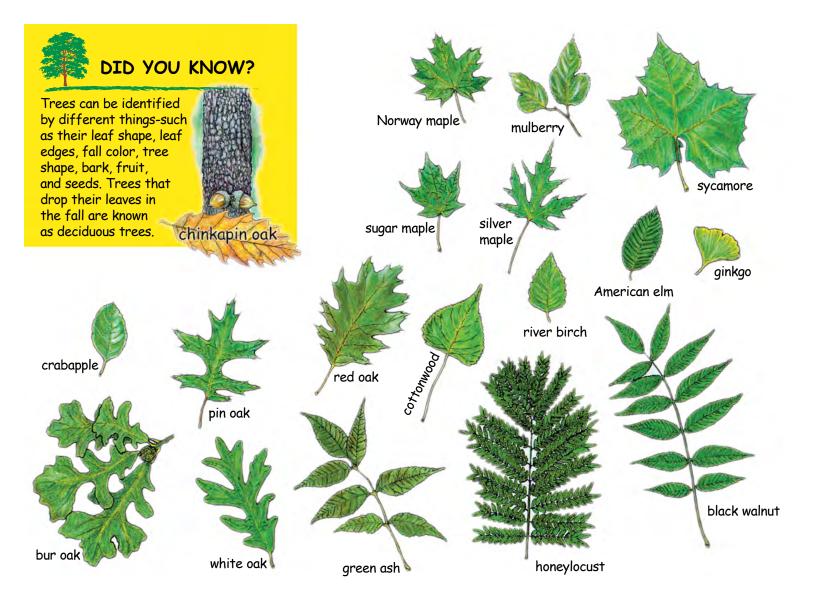
Trees are everywhere in our town forest. They're in the park, at my school, near the creek and river, along the streets, and in people's yards.



Our town forest includes more than just a lot of trees. It also has people, buildings, houses, streets, cars, buses, and trucks.



Our town forest also has shrubs, flowers, vines, water, soil, animals, and mushrooms. If you live in a town or city, you probably live in a forest, too.

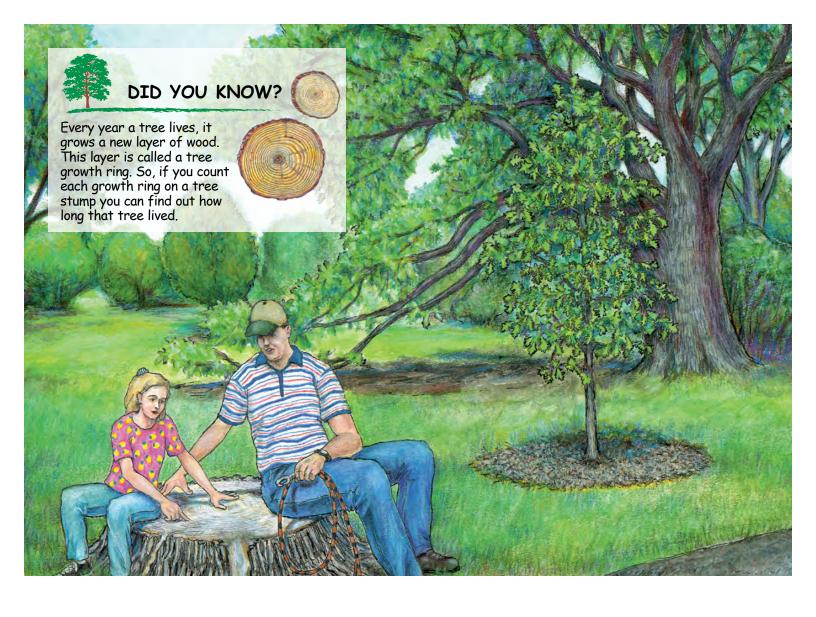


Many kinds of trees live in our town forest. Some have big broad leaves and names like maple, oak, ash, elm, and walnut. These trees lose their leaves in the fall.

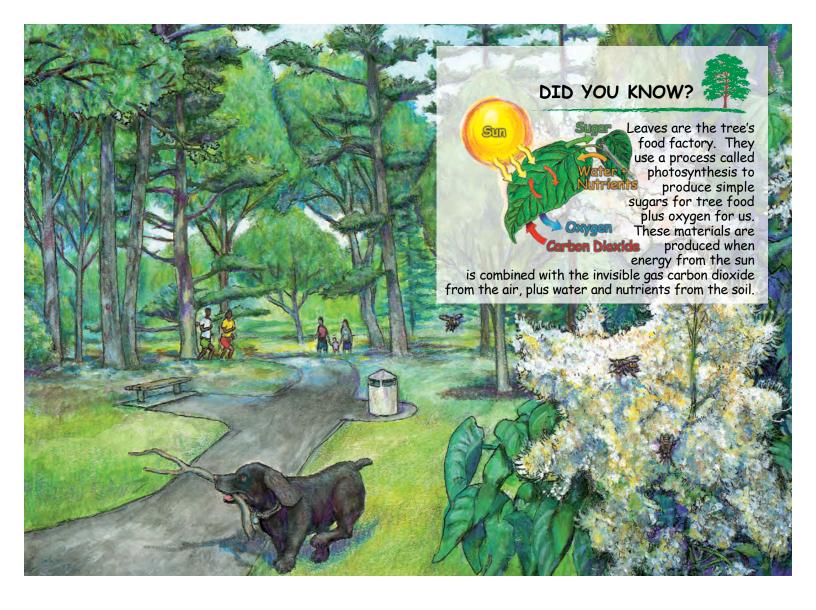


Conifer trees have thin needle-like leaves with names like pine, spruce, and fir. Most conifers stay green all year long, even in the winter. These trees are called "evergreen." All conifers make cones that hold seeds. What kinds of trees are in your forest?

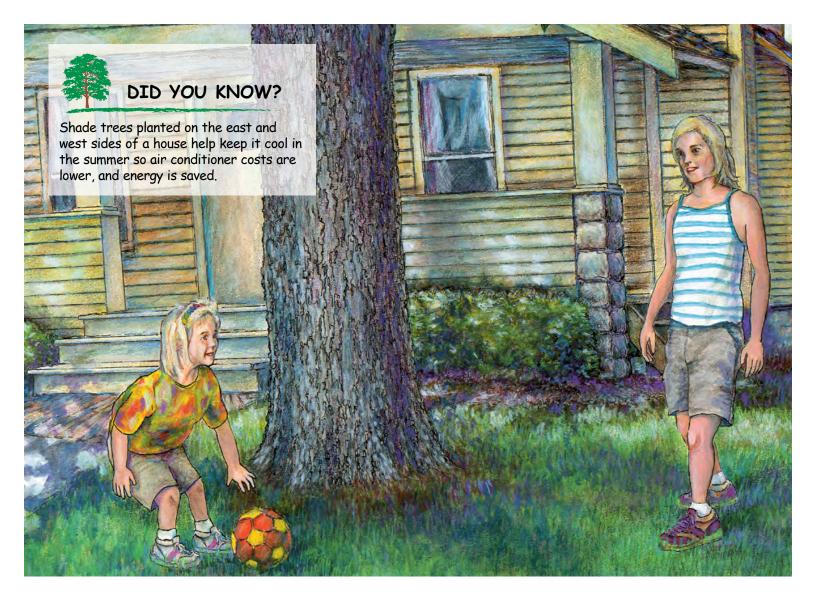
spruce (cones hang down on branches of spruce species) fir (cones sit upward on branches of fir species)



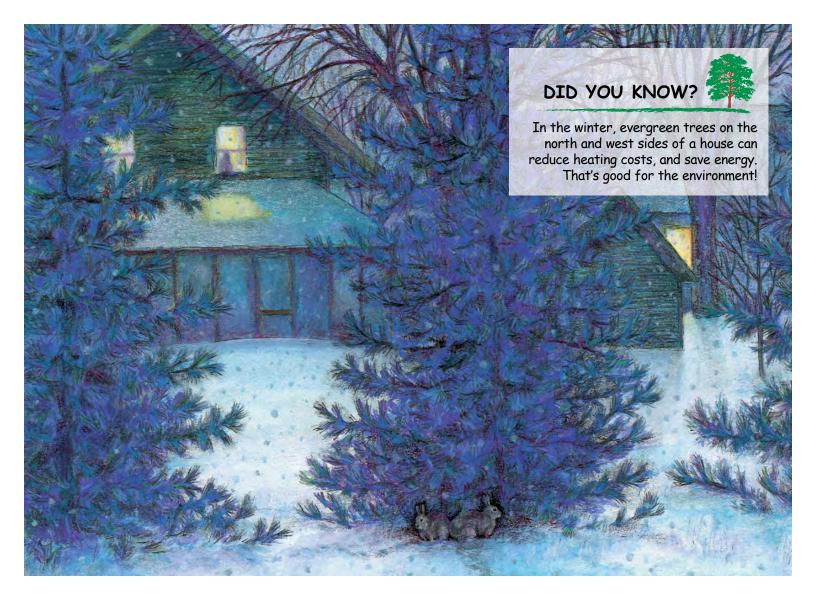
Our town forest has many different sizes of trees. Some are tall, some are short, and some are in between. Just like people, the trees are all different ages. My dad told me that the biggest trees are not always the oldest. Some trees can grow more than 4 feet a year, while others may only grow 6 to 24 inches in a year.



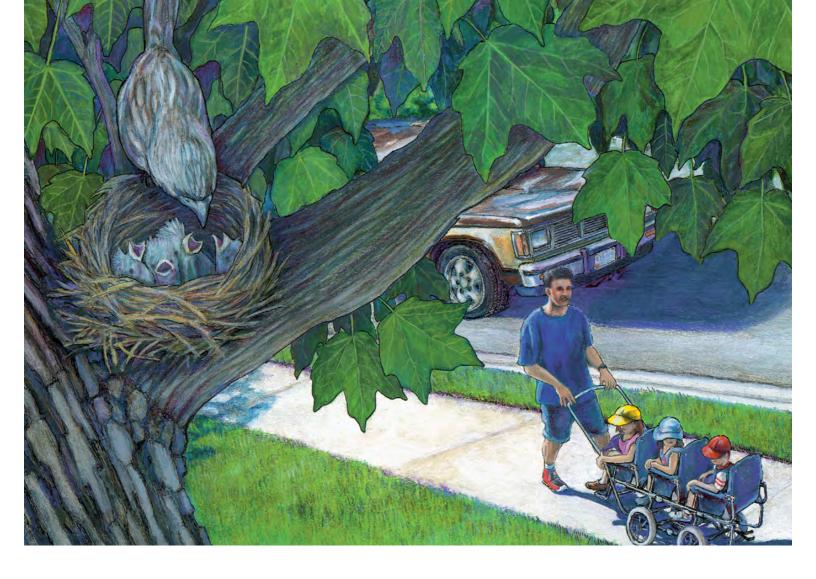
Forests provide many benefits for people and animals. My dad told me that trees and other plants release the invisible gas called oxygen that is needed by all living things to survive. Wow! This means trees and other plants help us stay alive!



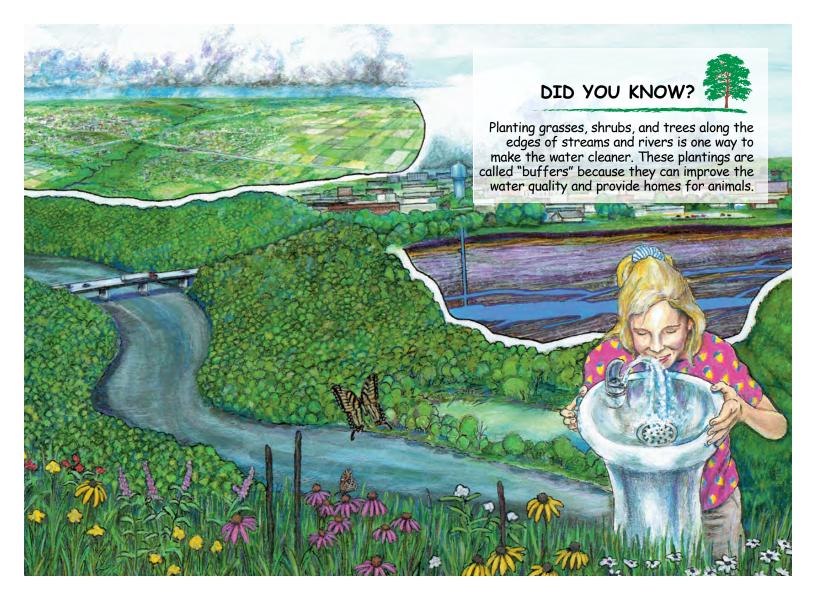
Trees are like big air conditioners that run all summer long. My sister, Abbey, and I like to play in the shade of our big trees. It would be really hot in the summer without any trees!



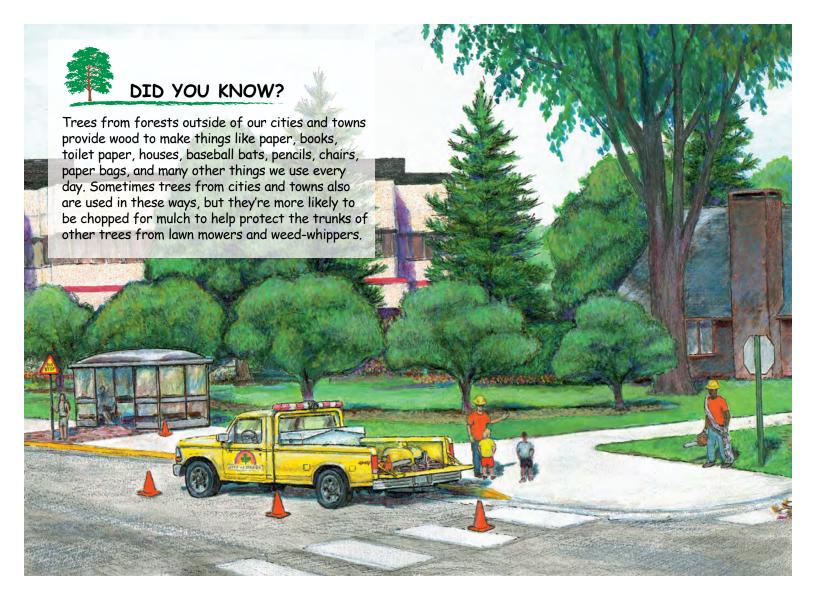
Some trees are helpful in the wintertime, too. The pine trees in our backyard stay green all year long. They act like a wall to keep winter winds from blowing against our house. They protect the rabbits in my backyard, too, by giving them a sheltered place to live.



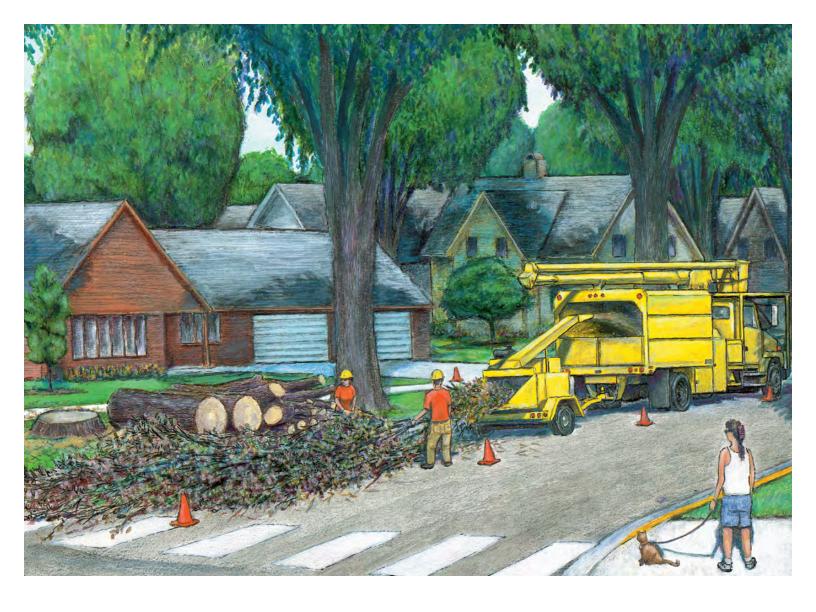
Our forest provides a home for animals such as squirrels, birds, rabbits, owls, raccoons, butterflies, and beetles. Trees also provide food for some animals.



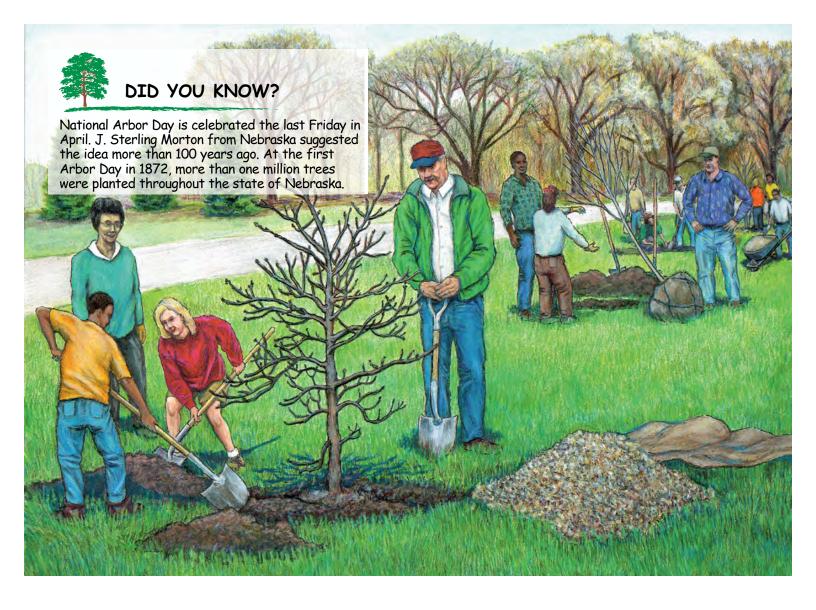
The trees, shrubs, and grasses in our forest help the water we drink at home and school stay clean. Tree and other plant roots filter out some unwanted materials in the water as it moves through the ground. Roots also help hold the soil so it doesn't wash away when it rains or when the snow melts. Without the help of tree and other plant roots, the water could get really yucky!



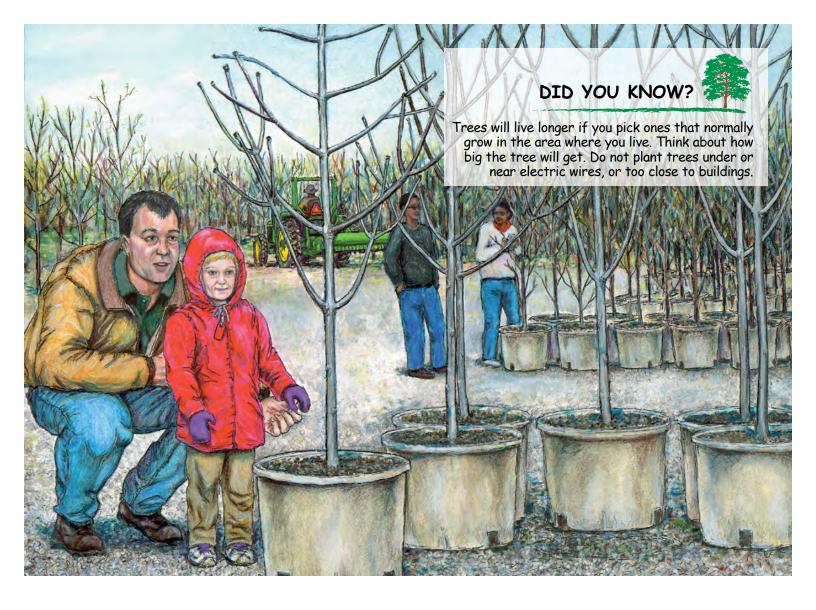
Trees provide many benefits. They help cool the air, clean the water, provide homes and food for animals, and provide oxygen for us to breathe. They also make our town look pretty! In order to do all these things trees and forests have to be healthy. Foresters like my dad help trees grow strong and healthy.



One day, I went to work with my dad. At first I was mad because his workers cut down some trees. But then my dad told me that sometimes sick or injured trees have to be removed so they won't fall on houses or people.



The best way to help the forest every time a tree is cut down is to plant new trees to replace it. Every spring we have a special tree planting day called Arbor Day. My dad lets me help.



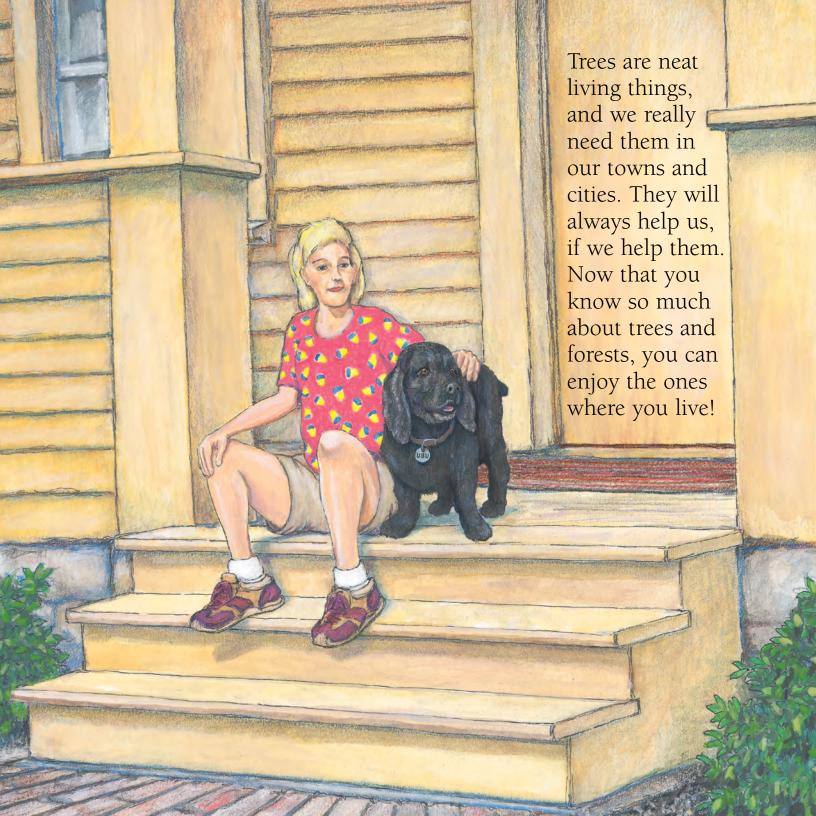
When I was four years old, my dad and I planted a tree for Arbor Day. We went to a tree farm, which is called a nursery, to choose the tree. We picked a white ash. It was neat, because this tree had the same name as me. My dad calls it Ashley's tree.



The first thing we did when we planted my tree was to dig a big wide hole. Then we put the tree in the middle of the hole, and then we put the same soil back into the hole to cover up the roots. Next we covered the ground around the tree with wood chips. Finally we gave the tree plenty of water.



To protect my tree, Dad told me not to break the branches, hit it with a lawnmower or weed-whipper, carve my name on it, or tie my dog Ubu to it. Instead, I water the tree when it is hot and dry, and my dad helps the tree become stronger by cutting and removing broken and weak branches. He does this to all of the trees in town at different times to help them stay healthy and strong.





### Forest:

A place with trees and other plants, animals, and non-living things. For example, all of the trees found in a city or town create a special kind of forest called a "city or town forest."

### Ecosystem:

A complex place with living organisms and their environment that includes non-living things. Examples of ecosystems include: a forest, desert, marsh, wetland, river, stream, ocean, and prairie.

### Forester:

A person that understands trees, forests, and their environments so they can help take care of them.

## **Photosynthesis**:

The process in which the leaves of green plants use energy from the sun, carbon dioxide from the air, and water and nutrients from the soil to produce oxygen and simple sugars. The oxygen is released in the air for us to breathe, and the simple sugars are used by the tree for growth.

## Broadleaf tree:

Trees like maple, oak, ash, elm and walnut, that have broad or wide leaves. Many of the different kinds of broadleaved trees are also deciduous.

### Conifer tree

Trees like pine, spruce, and fir, that have needle-like leaves and cones that hold the seeds. Many of the different kinds of conifers are also evergreen.



### Deciduous tree:

One that sheds its leaves each fall. It has no leaves during the winter.

# Evergreen tree:

One that has green leaves all year long, even in the winter.



